### ASH-IV/Mathematics/BMH4SEC21/19

# B.A./B.Sc 4th Semester (Honours) Examination, 2019 (CBCS) Subject : Mathematics Paper : BMH4SEC 21

### (Graph Theory)

**Time: 2 Hours** 

Full Marks: 40

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

[Notation and Symbols have their usual meaning.]

### Group-A

#### Marks: 10

1. Answer any five questions:

- (a) Define a graph.
- (b) How many vertices are there in a graph with 15 edges if each vertex is of degree 3?
- (c) Define a Bipartite graph. Give an example of it.
- (d) Define Adjacency Matrix of a graph.
- (e) Define Euler circuit. Find, if possible, an Euler circuit in the following graph. 1+1=2



(f) Define a Tree and a Binary Tree.

1+1=2

 $2 \times 5 = 10$ 

1+1=2

(g) Define a spanning tree with graphical representation.

**Please Turn Over** 

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## ASH-IV/Mathematics/BMH4SEC21/19 (2)

(h) Examine whether the following two graphs are isomorphic or not.



### **Group-B**



2. Answer any two questions:

- (a) Give an example in each of the following case:
  - (i) An Eulerian graph which is not Hamiltonian.
  - (ii) A Hamiltonian graph which is not Eulerian.
  - (iii) A graph which is both Eulerian and Hamiltonian.
  - (iv) A graph which is neither Eulerian nor Hamiltonian.
- (b) Prove that every walk in a graph between two vertices u and v contains a path between u and v.
- (c) Prove that a connected graph with *n*-vertices is a tree if and only if it has exactly (n 1) edges.
- (d) Prove that a connected graph is Eulerian if and only if the degree of each vertex is even.

### Group-C

### Marks: 20

- 3. Answer any two questions:
  - (a) (i) Prove that a simple graph with *n* vertices and *k* components can have at most  $\frac{(n-1)(n-k+1)}{2}$  edges.
    - (ii) Prove that the maximum number of edges in a connected simple graph with *n* vertices is  $\frac{n(n-1)}{2}$ . 6+4=10

5×2=10

 $10 \times 2 = 20$ 

### (3) ASH-IV/Mathematics/BMH4SEC21/19

5+5=10

5+5=10

(b) (i) Applying Dijkstra's method find the shortest path and distance between the two vertices *a* and *f* in the given following graph.



(ii) Determine the adjacency matrix of the given graph:



(c) Write short notes on the following:

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- (i) The travelling salesman problem
- (ii) Königsberg Bridge Problem
- (d) (i) Obtain a necessary and sufficient condition for a simple graph to be bipartite.
  - (ii) Define a minimally connected graph. Prove that a graph is minimally connected if and only if it is a tree.